



### **Professor Dr Savvas Papacostas**

*The Cyprus Institute of Neurology and Genetics-Cyprus School of Molecular Medicine, Cyprus; Professor of Neuroscience.*

Professor Papacostas completed his medical education at Ohio University, his residency in Neurology and Psychiatry at the University of Rochester, and a fellowship in Clinical Neurophysiology and Epileptology at Columbia University in New York. He is currently Head of the Epilepsy and Behavioral Neurology Clinic of the Cyprus Institute of Neurology & Genetics where he established the Clinical Neurophysiology laboratory, the long term monitoring unit for epileptic seizures and the first Ethics Committee in Cyprus. With the establishment of the Cyprus School of Molecular Medicine, he was appointed Professor of Neuroscience. He has also held a visiting associate professorship at the University of Cyprus in Nicosia and an adjunct associate professorship at the University of Rochester in New York. He has been active in epilepsy research including anti-epileptic drug trials, quality of life in epilepsy issues and has established collaborations with several academic institutions in Cyprus and abroad for the evaluation and surgical cure of epilepsy. He introduced surgical treatments for intractable epilepsy in Cyprus and participated, with intraoperative monitoring, in the first operations performed in Cyprus. Moreover, he performed research on Dementia epidemiology, the psychosocial aspects of the disease, clinical trials for novel medications and conducts studies on animal models of Alzheimer's disease. He has also performed extensive neurophysiological research on new methodologies for the evaluation of the vestibular system. He is on the list of faculty 1000 of International League Against Epilepsy and has been awarded the distinction of Fellow of the American Academy of Neurology. He published extensively and actively participates in local, regional and international scientific meetings. His book "Madness and leadership: From antiquity to the New Common Era" was published in Sept. 2015